Name_	
Date_	

Sudan Writing Handout

Complicated problems are often difficult to summarize. The writing process is a useful way to explore a problem because it gives us a structure with which we can think clearly about it. Read through Cate Malek's piece again, this time focus on the structure of her research paper more than the facts she includes. This will help you structure your own research paper after you've gathered your facts.

Narrative Lead (paragraphs 1-3) Narrative leads draw the reader in. They foreshadow the main idea of the essay.

1. Who is the Narrative Lead about? What main idea does it highlight?

Transition (line 1, paragraph 4) "Hassan's story is one of thousands from the Darfur region of Sudan." Transitions link two separate ideas.

2. Write another possible transition that would effectively link the Narrative Lead and the context section:

Context (paragraphs 4-6) In any research paper you need to give some general context or background information about your topic and why it's important.

3. What background information does Malek chose to include?

Thesis / Argument / Main Idea: (paragraph 6) "What makes the Sudan such an intractable conflict?" The thesis focuses the essay. We know that we will read about the Sudan's intractable conflict, not the art in the Sudan, nor MTV in the Sudan. Everything in the essay will support the paper's thesis.

4. Malek chose to use a question to focus her essay not a statement. Often writers use statements as theses. Write a statement that would work as a thesis for Malek's article.

Body section 1: Roots of the Problem (The Beginning, paragraph 1 –2) This supplies the basic who, what, where, and why.
5. Where does the action take place?
6. Who are the parties involved?
7. How did they get along?
8. How do these two paragraphs support Malek's thesis?

Body section 2: Important Events (The Beginning, paragraph 3 – 5) These paragraphs give us a basic timeline for the disputes that fueled the conflict. List the results of the events in paragraph 3-5 (Note: Malek does not describe any impressive sports achievements or advances in women's rights (which may or may not have occurred during that period). Each historical event supports her thesis by showing why the situation in Darfur is an intractable conflict.) **Event Result (Escalation)** 9. The government replaced tribal councils with gov. programs 10. Darfur was hit by a drought 11. The Sudan Liberation Army rebelled 12. President al-Bashir armed the Janjaweed Body section 3: The Problem (Devils on Horseback) Malek focuses on the main reason that Darfur is an example of an intractable conflict: the Janjaweed. 13. How have the Janjaweed "escalated" a conflict "into war"? 14. What were/are their goals? Body section 4: Reaction / Response (The International Response) Malek shows how the responses have not solved or simplified the conflict at all. This section also directly supports her thesis by illustrating the complexity of the problem. List the results of the events and the possible problems with proposals described in the

Event/Proposal	Result/ Possible Results
15. Humanitarian aid workers	
established refugee camps	
16. Proposed peacekeeping intervention	
17. Peace talks	
18. African Union troops sent to	
Darfur	
19. Possible United Nations	
Security Council sanctions	

Conclusion: Problems and Possible Solutions (What Can Be Done) Malek concludes her piece by proposing possible solutions.

List the proposals she suggests for the problems that she describes:

Problems
Possible Solutions

20. One group victimizes the other

21. The return of refugees to destroyed
homes
22. War criminals
23. Drought
24. Mistrust
25. Sudan's larger war
Now it's your turn. Using Cate Malek's article as a model, research and write your own article on the intractable conflict in Rwanda. Use Malek's structure to help guide your research.
Narrative Lead- You don't always have to include a narrative lead in a research paper. Sometimes a relevant quotation can be another hook to pull the reader in and give your research paper an interesting beginning. You also can skip the lead and begin your introduction with context for your thesis. You decide. If you come across a quotation that introduces your thesis, or if you come across a personal story that dramatizes your thesis, write it down here: (sources?)
Introduction: Context and thesis: Give a few brief facts that lead up to your thesis. Like Cate Malek, you can give some facts describing just how big Rwanda's intractable conflict was. (sources?)
Thesis: What made the genocide in Rwanda such an intractable conflict? Or write your own version of a statement that could serve as a thesis.
Body Section 1: The Roots of the Problem.
1. Where? (sources?)

2. Who?		(sources?)
2. What did they want?		(sources?)
3. Why?		(sources?)
Body Section 2: Important events of the Co	onflict During the Genoci	de
List the events and their results here:		
Events	Results	(sources?)
Body Section 3: Important Events of the C	onflict During the Refug	ee Crisis
List the events and their results here:	omnet During the Keruge	
Events	Results	(sources?)
Events	Results	(sources:)

Conclusion: Towards Reconciliation. W they work?	hat steps were taken to st	op the crises and how did
Step toward reconciliation	Result	(sources?)
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Working Bibliography As you go, please start using a new source, write it down her information.		